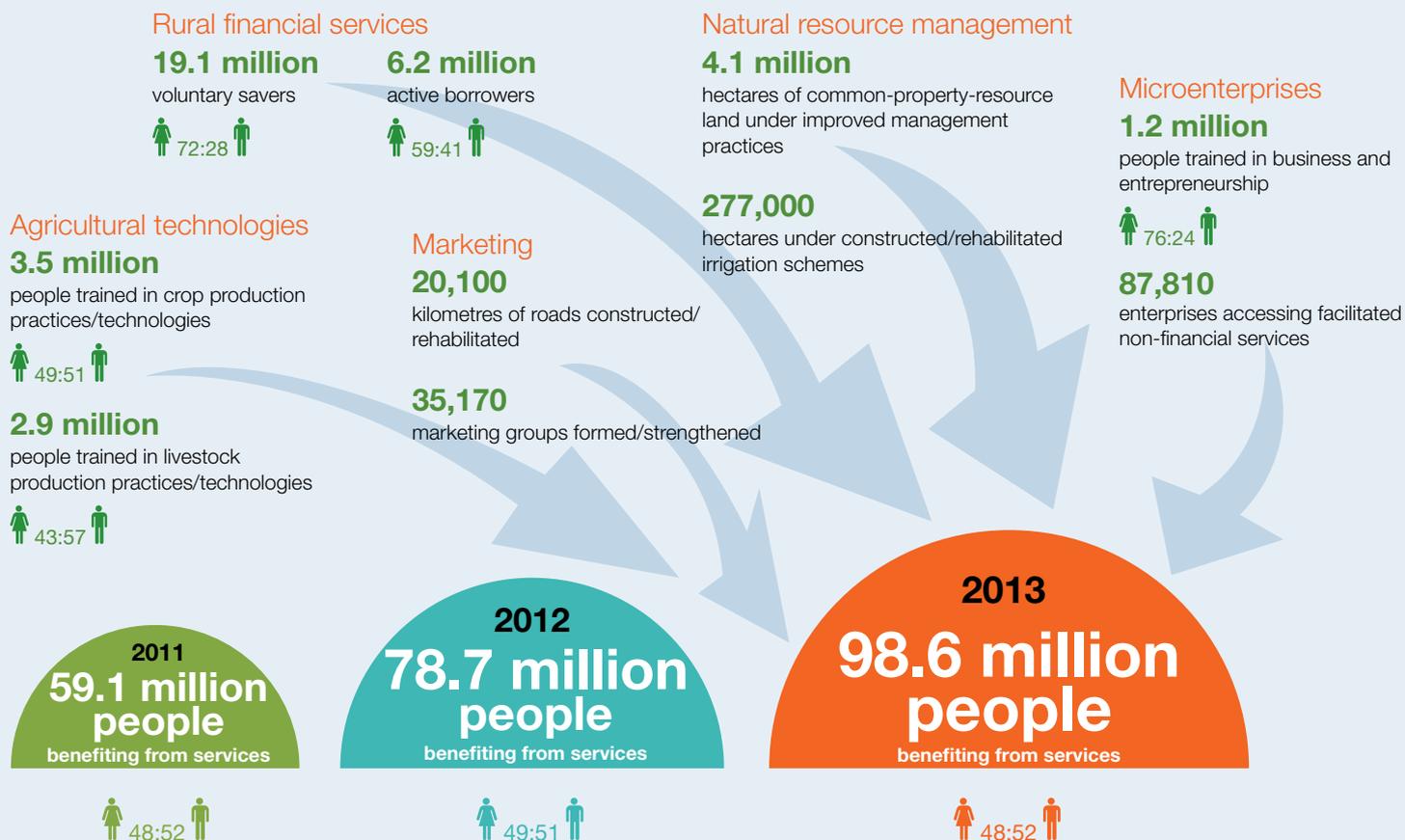


IFAD's Development Effectiveness

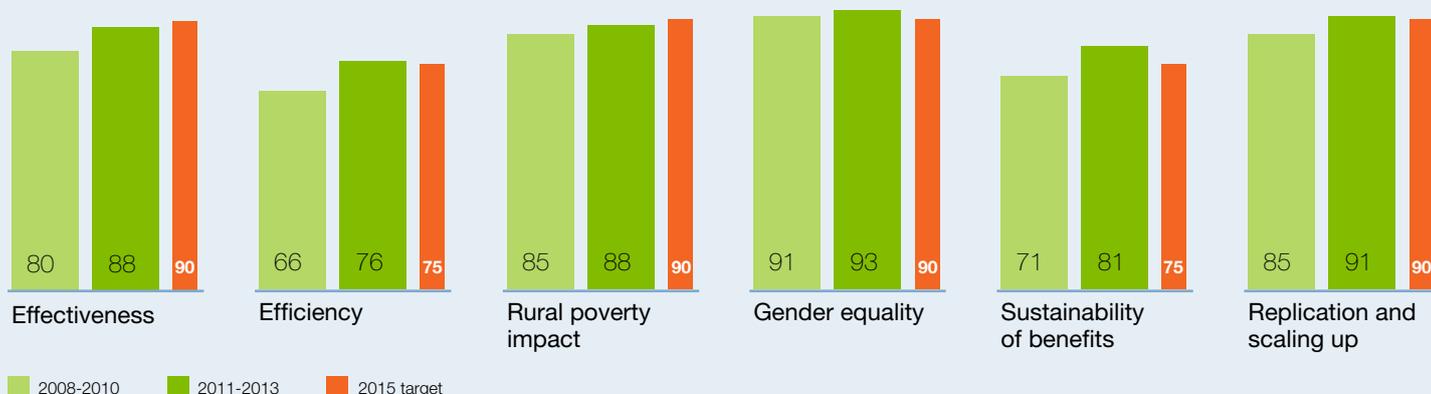
HIGHLIGHTS: RIDE 2014*

OUTREACH OF IFAD-SUPPORTED PROJECTS IN 2013**



SELECTED OUTCOME INDICATORS

(percentage of completed projects in the satisfactory zone)



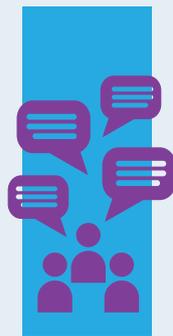
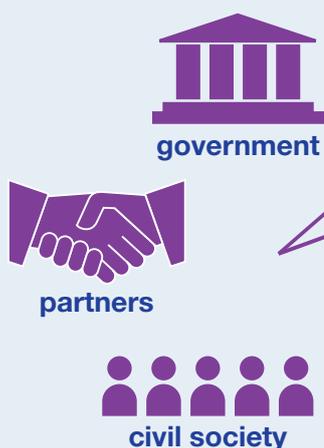
female:male ratio of people receiving services

* A more comprehensive account of IFAD's performance can be found in the Report on IFAD's Development Effectiveness (RIDE) <https://webapps.ifad.org/members/eb/113/docs/EB-2014-113-R-11.pdf>

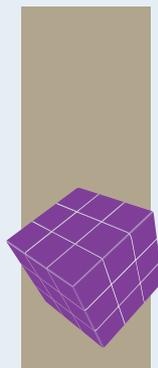
** The indicators measure the cumulative number of people (gender-disaggregated) receiving services from all ongoing projects in a given year. While the different indicators only report the number of participants in a project activity, the total outreach figure takes into account all direct beneficiaries, including members of the same household.

IFAD'S CLIENT SURVEY***

(percentage of ongoing country programmes in the satisfactory zone)



81%
national
policy
dialogue



89%
aid
effectiveness
agenda



89%
incomes, food
security and
empowerment



92%
building
partnerships

IFAD's impact agenda



- Reaching ambitious targets for 2015 on the number of people moved out of poverty is a critical priority for IFAD. A series of impact evaluations are being conducted to measure progress towards these targets and generate evidence-based learning from IFAD-supported programmes.
- A synthesis report on the impact evaluations conducted will be released by end-2015.

Delivering services more effectively



- The quality of project design continues to improve, and most 2015 targets in this area are likely to be met.
- Project time overrun has been reduced to well below the 2015 target, reflecting IFAD Management's closer attention to timely delivery of project services.
- The share of planned positions in IFAD country offices continues to rise, reflecting IFAD's drive for decentralization.

Addressing the challenges



- Projects in fragile states underperform compared with those in non-fragile states. This reconfirms the need for special attention to strengthening governance and institutional capacity, which IFAD is pursuing, inter alia, through a programme with the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).
- Climate change is a severe threat to the livelihoods of poor smallholder farmers in developing countries. IFAD's Adaptation for Smallholder Agriculture Programme (ASAP) is fully operational and represents the largest climate change initiative for smallholders worldwide.

*** The results include ratings from the two most recent annual client surveys in 2013 and 2014 covering 70 countries in total.



Investing in rural people

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IFAD is an international financial institution and a specialized United Nations agency dedicated to eradicating poverty and hunger in rural areas of developing countries.

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